# ОДЕСЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ ВНУТРІШНІХ СПРАВ

# Кафедра іноземних мов

# ГРАМАТИКА АНГЛІЙСЬКОЇ МОВИ В ТАБЛИЦЯХ

Методичні рекомендації для курсантів та студентів - правознавців І-ІІІ курсів

За редакцією кандидата філологічних наук, доцента О. М. Мітіної

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Схвалено та рекомендовано до друку рішенням науковометодичної ради Одеського державного університету внутрішніх справ (протокол № 13 від 10.04.2012 р.)

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### Граматика англійської мови в таблицях : метод. рек.

- Г 76 для курсантів та студентів правознавців І III курсів / уклад.
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Методичні рекомендації адресовані курсантам та студентам І - ІІІ курсів університету, напрямки підготовки — "Правоохоронна діяльність" та "Правознавство" й мають за мету сприяти якісному засвоєнню граматики англійської мови. Матеріал наданий в таблицях, що значною мірою полегшує досягнення означеної мети. В посібнику також надано перелік неправильних дієслів англійської мови.

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### Методичні рекомендації

В наш час глобалізації та інтенсифікації міжнародного співробітництва в усіх галузях життя — політичного, економічного, наукового, спортивного, кожна освічена людина повинна вільно володіти 1-2 мовами міжнародного спілкування. Англійська мова широко вживається в світі — в галузі міжнародного права та дипломатичних відносин, при укладанні угод, спілкуванні на всіх видах транспорту, особливо водному та повітряному. Англійська є мовою, яку розуміють на рівні повсякденного спілкування гіди і туристи, її можна почути на ринках, в магазинах, ресторанах.

Англійська мова майбутнім правникам може знадобитися на робочому місці, при відрядженні чи подорожі за кордон, для прийому гостей із інших країн світу. Навчайтесь, і вас будуть розуміти — за умов граматично правильно побудови речень.

Особливу увагу радимо приділити утворенню множини іменників, займенників, ступеням утворення порівнянь, вживання дієслів. Дидактичний матеріал подано у табличній формі для покращання засвоєння матеріалу. Радимо тримати їх постійно «під рукою», поки граматичні форми не будуть засвоєні вами так, як знає таблиці множення відмінник у школі.

Шановні студенти та курсанти, слідкуйте за вимовою та граматичною правильністю мовлення, будьте критичними до себе і своїх товаришів, постійно вправляйтесь і Ви відчуєте радість порозуміння!



# ІМЕННИК

Утворення множини іменників:

e moopenin mitootenin meninako.		
a car – cars		
a dog – dogs		
a boy - boys		
a bus – buses		
a watch – watches		
a lunch – lunches		
a box – boxes		
a sandwich - sandwiches		
a story – stories		
a lady - ladies		
a spy - spies		
a city - cities		
a tomato – tomatoes		
a potato - potatoes		
a hero – heroes		
a half – halves		
a wolf – wolves		
a leaf - leaves		
a knife - knives		

Запам'ятай форму множини таких іменників:

a man – men	a tooth – teeth	
a woman – women	a foot – feet	
a child – children	an ox – oxen	
a mouse – mice		
a goose - geese		
an Englishman – Englishmen		
a Frenchman - Frenchmen		
a German – Germans		
a sheep – sheep	a deer – deer	
a swine – swine	a person – people	

# Запам'ятайте:

this is – these are	
that is – those are	
there is – there are	
it is – they are	

# ЗАЙМЕННИКИ

some, any, no, every

some – деяка кількість		
any – деякі, ніякі		
<b>no</b> – ніякі		
Стверджувальна форма	I have <b>some</b> books.	
Заперечна форма	I haven't got <b>any</b> books.	
I have got <b>no</b> books.		
Питальна форма	Have you got any books?	
every – кожний		

something – що-небудь, щось		
anything — що-небудь		
nothing — нічого, ніщо		
Стверджувальна форма	орма I have brought <b>something</b> .	
Заперечна форма	I haven't brought you <b>anything</b> . I have brought you <b>nothing</b> .	
Питальна форма	Have you brought me anything?	
everything – BCe		

somebody - хто-небудь, хтось		
	anybody – хто-небудь, хтось	
nobody – Hixto		
Стверджувальна форма	She gave <b>somebody</b> her book.	
Заперечна форма	She didn't give <b>anybody</b> her book.	
	She gave <b>nobody</b> her book.	
Питальна форма	Did she gave anybody her book?	
everybody – BCi		

somewhere — де-небудь, куди-небудь, десь anywhere — де-небудь, куди-небудь nowhere — ніде		
Стверджувальна форма	I put my key <b>somewhere.</b>	
Заперечна форма	I didn't put my key <b>anywhere.</b> I put my key <b>nowhere.</b>	
Питальна форма	тальна форма Did you put my key <b>anywhere?</b>	
everywhere – всюди		

J

### Ступені порівняння прикметників

Односкладові та двоскладові прикметники			
Основна форма	Вищий ступень	Найвищий ступень	
tall	taller	the tallest	
wide	wider	the widest	
big	bigger	the biggest	
happy	happier	the happiest	
hot	hotter	the hottest	
rich	richer	the richest	
easy	easier	the easiest	
dry	drier	the driest	
F	багатоскладові прикмет	ники	
Основна форма	Вищий ступень	Найвищий ступень	
careful	more/less careful	the most/the least	
		careful	
dangerous	more/less dangerous	the most/the least	
		dangerous	
expensive	more/less expensive	the most/the least	
		expensive	
difficult	more/less difficult	the most/the least	
		difficult	
comfortable	more/less comfortable	the most/the least	
		comfortable	
intelligent	more/less intelligent	the most/the least	
		intelligent	
Особливі випадки утворення ступенів порівняння прикметників			
Основна форма	Вищий ступень	Найвищий ступень	
bad	worse	the worst	
good	better	the best	
far	farther	the farthest	
	further	the furthest	
old	older	the oldest	
	elder	the eldest	
little	less	the least	

### Запам'ятайте:

**as...as** - майже...як

not so ... as

не такий ... як

He забувайте вживати сполучник **than**, утворюючи вищий ступень порівняння. Ann is taller **than** Nick.

Peter is cleverer **than** his brother. He is more helpful **than** he used to be.

### **ДІЄСЛОВО**

### Вживання часів

# Відмінювання дієслова to be (бути) у Present Simple Tense

I	am
Не	
She	is
It	
We	
You	are
They	

I	am not	
Не		
She	is not	
It	(isn't)	
We		
You	are not	
They	(aren't)	

Am	I ?
	he?
Is	she?
	it?
	we?
Are	you?
	they?

	I	am
	he	
	she	is
Yes,	it	
	we	
	you they	are
	they	

	Ι	am not
	he	
	she	is not
No,	it	(isn't)
	we	
	you they	are not
	they	(aren't)

# Відмінювання дієслова to be (бути) у Past Simple Tense

I	
Не	was
She	
It	
We	
You	were
They	

I	
Не	was not
She	(wasn't)
It	
We	
You	were not
They	(weren't)

	I ?
Was	he?
	she?
	it ?.
	we?
Were	you?
	they?

	I	
	he	was
	she	
	it	
Yes,	we	
	you they	were
	they	

	I he she it	was not (wasn't)
No,	we	
	you	were not
	they	(weren't)

# Відмінювання дієслова to be (бути) у Future Simple Tense

I	shall be	I	shall not be	Shall	I	
We	('ll be)	We	(shan't be)		we	
Не		Не			he	
She	will be	She	will not be		she	be?
It	('ll be)	It	(won't be)	Will	it	
You		You			you	
They		They			they	

	I	shall be
	we	('ll be)
	he	
	she	will be
Yes,	it	('ll be)
	you	
	you they	
	1	

	I we	shall not be (shan't be)
No,	he she it	will not be (won't be)
	you they	

# Звідна таблиця відмінювання дієслова to be Дійсний спосіб (THE INDICATIVE MOOD)

	Indefinite	Continuous	Perfect
	I am	I am being	I have been
	he is	he is being	he has been
nt	we are	we are being	we have been
Present	you are	you are being	you have been
Pr	they are	they are being	they have been
	Am I?	Am I being?	Have I been?
	I am not	•	I have not been
	I was	I am not being	I had been
		I was being	he had been
	he was	he was being	we had been
<b>.</b>	we were	we were being	
Past	you were	you were being they were being	you had been they had been
	they were	they were being	they had been
	Was I?	Was I being?	Had I been?
	I was not	I was not being	I had not been
	I shall be		I shall have been
	he will be		he will have been
ىه	we shall be		we shall have been
l ä	you will be		you will have been
Future	they will be		they will have been
	Shall I be?		Shall I have been?
	I shall not be		I shall not have been
st	I should be		I should have been
Pa	he would be		he would have been
the	we should be		we should have been
<u> </u>	you would be		you would have been
Future in the Past	they would be		they would have been
도	I should not be		I should not have been

# Звідна таблиця відмінювання дієслова to have Дійсний спосіб (THE INDICATIVE MOOD)

	Indefinite	Continuous	Perfect
	I have	I am having	I have had
	he has	he is having	he has had
ınt	we have	we are having	we have had
Present	you have	you are having	you have had
Pr	they have	they are having	they have had
	Have I?	Am I having?	Have I had?
	I have not	I am not having	I have not had
	I had	I was having	I had had
	he had	he was having	he had had
	we had	we were having	we had had
ıst	you had	you were having	you had had
Past	they had	they were having	they had had
	Had I?	Was I having?	Had I had?
	I had not	I was not having	I had not had
	I shall have	I shall be having	I shall have had
	he will have	he will be having	he will have had
မ	we shall have	we shall be having	we shall have had
l in	you will have	you will be having	you will have had
Future	they will have	they will be having	they will have had
	Shall I have?	Shall I be having?	Shall I have had?
	I shall not have	I shall not be having	I shall not have had
<del>,</del>	I should have	I should be having	I should have had
Pag	he would have	he would be having	he would have had
he	we should have	we should be having	we should have had
n t	you would have	you would be having	you would have had
lre i	they would have	they would be having	they would have had
Future in the Past	I should not have	I should not be having!	I should not have had

# Звідна таблиця відмінювання дієслова to ask Дійсній спосіб (THE INDICATIVE MOOD) Дійсний стан дієслова (The Active Voice)

	Indefinite	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
	I ask	I am asking	I have asked	I have been asking
1 =	he asks	he is asking	he has asked	he has been asking
Present	we ask	we are asking	we have asked	we have been asking
P.	you ask	you are asking	you have asked	you have been asking
	they ask	they are asking	they have asked	they have been asking
	Do I ask?	Am I asking?	Have I asked?	Have I been asking?
	I do not ask	I am not asking	I have not asked	I have not been asking
	I asked	I was asking	I had asked	I had been asking
	he asked	he was asking	he had asked	he had been asking
	we asked	we were asking	we had asked	we had been asking
Past	you asked	you were asking	you had asked	you had been asking
P	they asked	they were asking	they had asked	they had been asking
	Did I ask?	Was I asking?	Had I asked?	Had I been asking?
	I did not ask	I was not asking	I had not asked	I had not been asking
	I shall ask	I shall be asking	I shall have asked	I shall have been asking
	he will ask	he will be asking	he will have asked	he will have been asking
e.	we shall ask	we shall be asking	we shall have asked	we shall have been asking
Future	you will ask	you will be asking	you will have asked	you will have been asking
Fu	they will ask	they will be asking	they will have asked	they will have been asking
	Shall I ask?	Shall I be asking?	Shall I have asked?	Shall I have been asking?
	I shall not ask	I shall not be asking	I shall not have asked	I shall not have been asking
Past	I should ask	I should be asking	I should have asked	I should have been asking
P	he would ask	he would be asking	he would have asked	he would have been asking
the	we should ask	we should be asking	we should have asked	we should have been asking
	you would ask	you would be asking	you would have asked	you would have been asking
Future in	they would ask	they would be asking	they would have asked	they would have been asking
Fut	I should not ask	I should not be asking	I should not have asked	I should not have been asking

# Пасивний стан дієслова (The Passive Voice)

	Indefinite	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
Present	I am asked	I am being asked	I have been asked	
	he is asked	he is being asked	he has been asked	
	we are asked	we are being asked	we have been asked	
re	you are asked	you are being asked	you have been asked	
1	they are asked	they are being asked	they have been asked	
	Am I asked?	Am I being asked?	Have I been asked?	
	I am not asked	I am not being asked	I have not been asked	
	I was asked	I was being asked	I had been asked	
	he was asked	he was being asked	he had been asked	
	we were asked	we were being asked	we had been asked	
Past	you were asked	you were being asked	you had been asked	
P <sub>2</sub>	they were asked	they were being asked	they had been asked	
	Was I asked?	Was I being asked?	Had I been asked?	
	I was not asked	I was not being asked	I had not been asked	
	I shall be asked		I shall have been asked	
	he will be asked		he will have been asked	
بو ا	we shall be asked		we shall have been asked	
Ę	you will be asked		you will have been asked	
Future	they will be asked		they will have been asked	
	Shall I be asked?		Shall I have been asked?	
	I shall not be asked		I shall not have been asked	
ıst	I should be asked		I should have been asked	
Pa	he would be asked		he would have been asked	
he	we should be asked		we should have been asked	
Ē.	you would be asked		you would have been asked	
Future in the Past	they would be asked		they would have been asked	
Fut	I should not be asked		I should not have been asked	

# Наказовий спосіб (THE IMPERATIVE MOOD)

ask
do not ask
write
don't write
forget
don't forget

# Неособисті форми дієслова to ask ІНФІНІТИВ (THE INFINITIVE)

	Active	Passive
Indefinite Continuous Perfect Perfect Continuous	to ask to be asking to have asked to have been asking	to be asked  to have been asked  -

ГЕРУНДІЙ (THE GERUND)			
	Active	Passive	
Indefinite Perfect	asking having asked	being asked having been asked	

# ПРИЧАСТЯ (THE PARTICIPLE)

	Active	Passive
Present	asking	being asked
Past	–	asked
Perfect	having asked	been asked

### CONDITIONAL SENTENCES YMOBHI PEYEHHЯ

Існує три основних типи умовних речень			
Умовні речення першого типу	(First Conditional)		
If + present simple	Future		
If you come at ten,	I will be ready to start.		
Якщо ти прийдеш о десятій,	я <b>буду готовий</b> вирушати		
If the weather is fine,	we will go for a walk.		
Якщо погода буде гарною,	ми підемо на прогулянку.		
Умовні речення дру	того типу (Second Conditional)		
If + past simple	Would/could/might + indefinite infinitive		
If you came at ten,	I would be ready to start.		
Якби ти прийшов о десятій,	я <b>б був готовий</b> вирушати.		
If the weather was fine,	we <b>would go</b> for a walk.		
Якби погода була гарною,	ми <b>б пійшли</b> на прогулянку. (сьогодні, завтра)		
Умовні речення тро	етього типу (Third Conditional)		
If + past perfect	would/could/might + perfect infinitive		
If you had come at ten,	I would have been ready to start.		
Якби ти прийшов о десятій,	я <b>б був готовий</b> вирушати.		
If the weather had been fine,	we <b>would have gone</b> for a walk.		
Якби погода була гарною, (вч	пора) ми <b>б пішли</b> на прогулянку		

Існує ще один тип умовних речень. Його часто називають " <b>Zero Conditional"</b>			
If + Present simple	Present simple		
If the temperature is below zero	water freezes.		
If the camera is on	the red light appears.		
Present simple	If + Present simple		
She always <b>complains</b> to her mother	if somebody offends her.		
The red light appears	If the camera is on.		

Звернить увагу на змішані (залежно від контексту) випадки вживання часів в умовних реченнях (Mixed Conditionals)

If she is as clever as you say she is, she would have been rich by now. (тип 1 + тип 3)

**If** I **had had** your advantages, I **would be** better off now. (тип3 + тип2)

If he had finished his work yesterday, he would be free now.  $(Tu\Pi 3 + Tu\Pi 2)$ 

# УЗГОДЖЕННЯ ЧАСІВ. НЕПРЯМА МОВА

		дрядних реч		
(дієслово-присудок головного речення стоїть в минулому часі)				
Present Simple Present Continuous		Simple ontinuous	Дія підрядного речення відбувається одночасно з дією головного речення	
Present Perfect Past Simple	Past 1	Perfect	Дія підрядного речення передує дії	
Present Perfect Continuous	Past Perfect Continuous		головного речення	
Future	Future i	n the Past	Дія підрядного речення відбувається після дії головного речення	
	Cognono	e of tenses		
She lives in Kyiv.  I knew that she lived in k He is working.  I thought he was working	Cyiv.		Эдночасова дія	
He has left Odessa. I didn't know that he had left Odessa. She lost her keys. They knew that she had lost her keys.		]	Попередня дія	
They <b>will come</b> in time.  I hoped they <b>would come</b> in time.			Подальша дія	
Will Must/have to Can may			Would Had to Could might	

### Модальні дієслова. MODAL VERBS

### Can, could

Виражає уміння, можливість, фізичну або розумову здатність виконати певну дію в теперішньому, минулому або майбутньому.

(Можу, умію)

I **can** do it now. She **can** speak English. Я **можу** зробити це зараз. Вона **вміє** розмовляти

англійською мовою.

I **cannot** do it. She **cannot** speak French. Я **не можу** зробити це. Вона **не вміє** розмовляти французькою мовою.

**Can** he swim? Він **vмі**є плавати?

I **could** help him. He **could** ski when he was five. Я **змі**г допомогти йому. Він **умів** кататися на лижах,

коли йому було п'ять років.

Зверніть увагу! Іноді замість can використовують to be able to.

Present can ado am able to Past could ado was able to Future can ado will be able to

I am able to do it. (можу, взмозі)

I was able to do it yesterday. (міг, був взмозі)

I will be able to do it tomorrow. (зможу, буду взмозі)

I have been able to swim since I was three. (вмію з трирічного віку)

### May, might

Виражає дію (в даному разі, дозвіл), виконання якої співвідноситься з теперішнім чи майбутнім

(можеш, можете)

You **may** take my book. Ти **можеш** взяти мою книжку.

He said I **might** take his pen. Він сказав, що я **можу** взяти

його ручку.

Звернить увагу! Іноді замість may використовують to be allowed to.

He is allowed to go for a walk. Йому дозволяють піти

на прогулянку.

He was allowed to go for a walk. Йому дозволили піти

на прогулянку.

He will be allowed to go for a walk. Йому дозволять піти

му дозволять шти на прогулянку.

#### Must

У поєднанні з інфінітивом відповідного смислового дієслова виражає обов'язок, що співвідноситься з теперішнім, майбутнім чи минулим.

### (повинен, мусиш)

He **must** go there now. Він **повинен** йти туди зараз.

She **must** go to the bank tomorrow. Вона **повинна** йти в банк завтра.

You **must** not leave. Tu **не повинен** їхати. **Must** I leave? Я **повинен** поїхати?

Звернить увагу! Іноді замість must використовують to have to.

Present must ado have to mustn't/ don't have to/

doesn't have to didn't have to

Present Perfect have had to haven't had to Future will have to will not have to

have to

Past

I have to stay here.Я повинен залишитися тут.I don't have to stay here.Я не повинен залишиться тут.

He had to explain everything.

Він був змушений все пояснити.

He will have to explain everything. Він буде змушений пояснити все.

**Do** you have to go there? Ти повинен їхати туди?

#### To be to

Як модальне, дієслово вживається лише в теперішньому та минулому часах. Виражає обов'язок або необхідність, пов'язану з попередньою домовленістю, наказом або інструкцією.

She **is to come** at seven. Вона **має** прийти о сьомій.

She was to come at seven.
They are to discuss it tomorrow.
She was to have come at seven.

Вона мала прийти о сьомій. Вони мають обговорити це завтра. Вона мала прийти о сьомій (але не прийшла).

### Should / ought to

У поєднанні з інфінітивом смислового дієслова виражає моральний обов'язок, пораду, рекомендацію. **Ought to** та **should** дуже схожі за значенням. **Ought to** частіше використовують для вираження морального обов'язку, а **should** частіше виражає пораду, рекомендацію або інструкцію.

You **should** do it. Вам **треба** зробити це.

You **ought to** be more attentive. Baм **треба було б** бути уважнішим. He **shouldn't** be sitting here. Йому **не треба (не слід)** сидіти тут.

He **oughtn't to be working** for this firm. Йому **не слід працювати** на цю фірму.

You should have told us about it. Вам не слід було б сказати

на про це.

You ought to haveВам слід було б (треба було)sent the warning.надіслати йому попередження

Should we go? Haм слід йти?

	List OF IRREGULAR VERBS					
Infinitive	Past	Past Participle	Translation			
to abide	abode abided	abode abided	перебувати; дотримуватися			
to arise	arose	arisen	виникати, поставати			
to awake	awoke	awaked /awoken	прокидатися, будити			
to be to bear	was , were bore	been born(e)	бути нести, носити, родити			
to beat	beat	beaten	бити			
to become	became	become	ставати, робитися			
to befall	befell	befallen	траплятися			
to begin	began	begun	починати (ся)			
to bend	bent	bent/ bended	згинати(ся)			
to beseech	besought	besought	благати, просити			
to bid	bad(e)	bid(den)	наказувати, просити			
to bind	bound	bound	зв'язувати			
to bite	bit	bit(ten)	кусати			
to bleed	bled	bled	кровоточити			
to blow	blew	blown	дути			
to break	broke	broken	(з)ламати			
to breed	bred	bred	вирощувати			
to bring	brought	brought	приносити			
to build	built	built	будувати			
to burn	burnt	burnt	палити; горіти			
to burst	burst	burst	розриватися; вибухати			
to buy	bought	bought	купувати			
to cast	cast	cast	кидати; лити (метал)			

to catch	caught	caught	ловити, (с)піймати
to choose	chose	chosen	вибирати
to cleave	clove	cloven	розколювати;
	cleft	cleft	розтинати
to cling	clung	clung	чіплятися, прилипати
to clothe	clothed	clothed	одягати
to come	came	come	приходити
to cost	cost	cost	коштувати
to creep	crept	crept	повзти
to cut	cut	cut	різати
to dare	durst	dared	сміти
. 1 1	1 1	1 1	
to deal	dealt	dealt	мати справу
to dig	dug	dug	копати
to do	did	done	робити
to draw	drew	drawn	малювати
to dream	dreamt	dreamt	бачити уві сні;
to drink	drank	drunk	пити
to drive	drove	driven	гнати; їхати
to dwell	dwelt	dwelt	мешкати; зупинятися (на)
to eat	ate	eaten	їсти
to fall	fell	fallen	падати
to feed	fed	fed	годувати
to feel	felt	felt	почувати, відчувати
to fight	fought	fought	битися, боротися
to find	found	found	знаходити
to fee	fled	fled	тікати
to fling	flung	flung	кидати
to fly	flew	flown	літати
to forbid	forbade	forbidden	забороняти

to forget	forgot	forgotten	забувати
to forgive	forgave	forgiven	вибачати, прощати
to freeze	froze	frozen	заморожувати; замерзати
to get	got	got	діставати, одержувати
to gild	gilt gilded	gilt gilded	золотити
to give	gave	given	давати
to go	went	gone	іти, іти геть, їхати
to grind	ground	ground	молоти; точити
to grow	grew	grown	рости
to hang	hung	hung	повісити (стратити)
	hanged	hanged	висіти
to have	had	had	мати
to hear	heard	heard	чути
to hew	hewed	hewed/ hewn	рубати, тесати
to hide	hid	hidden	ховати(ся)
to hit	hit	hit	ударяти; влучати
to hold	held	held	тримати, держати
to hurt	hurt	hurt	завдавати болю; боліти
to keep	kept	kept	тримати, зберігати
to kneel	knelt	knelt	ставати на коліна;
			стояти на колінах
to knit	knit	knit(ted)	в'язати
to know	knew	known	знати
to lay	laid	laid	класти, покласти
to lead	led	led	вести, водити
to lean	leant	leant	обпиратися,
	leaned	leaned	спиратися
to leap	leapt	leapt	плигати, стрибати
	leaped	leaped	
to learn	learnt	learnt	вчити
	learned	learned	
to leave	left	left	залишати, поїхати

to lend to let	lent let	lent let	позичати (комусь) пускати; дозволяти
to lie to light	lay lit	llain llit	лежати освітлювати
to lose	lost	lost	втрачати, губити
to make	made	made	робити
to mean	meant	meant	означати; мати намір
to meet	met	met	зустрічати
to mishear	misheard	misheard	недочути; почути не те
to mislead	misled	misled	вводити в оману
to mistake	mistook	mistaken	помилятися; неправильно розуміти
to mow	mowed	mown	косити
to pay	paid	paid	платити
to put	put	put	класти, ставити
to read	read	read	читати
to rid	rid ridded	rid ridded	позбавляти (чогось, когось)
to ride to ring	rode rang	ridden rung	їздити верхи дзвонити
to rise	rose	risen	вставати, підніматися
to run	ran	run	бігти
to saw	sawed	sawn	пиляти
to say	said	sawed said	говорити, сказати
to see	saw	seen	бачити
to seek	sought	sought	шукати
to sell	sold	sold	продавати
to send	sent	sent	посилати
to set	set	set	ставити; установлювати
to sew	sewed	sewed/ sewn	шити
to shake	shook	shaken	трясти

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to shave	shaved	shaved / shaven	голити(ся)
to shave	Silavoa	Shavea / Shaven	
to shear	sheared	shorn	стригти
to shed	shed	shed	губити; лити (сльози)
to shine	shone	shone	світити, сяяти
to shoe	shod	shod	взувати; підковувати
to shoot	shot	shot	стріляти; проростати
to show	showed	shown	показувати
to shrink	shrank	shrunk	скорочувати(ся);
			зсідатися; відскакувати
to shut	shut	shut	закривати
to sing	sang	sung	співати
to sink	sank	sunk	спускати(ся); занурюватися
to sit	sat	sat	сидіти
to sleep	slept	slept	спати
to slide	slid	slid	ковзати
to smell	smelt	smelt	пахнути; нюхати
to sow	sowed	sowed	сіяти
to speak	spoke	spoken	говорити
to speed	sped	sped	прискорювати; поспішати
to spell	spelt /	spelt/ spelled	писати або читати по
	spelled		буквах
to spend	spent	spent	витрачати
to spill	spilt/ spilled	spilt/ spilled	розливати
to spin	spun /span	spun	прясти
to spit	spat	spat	плювати
to split	split	split	розщеплювати(ся)
to spoil	spoilt/	spoilt/ spoiled	псувати
1	spoiled		
to spread	spread	spread	поширювати(ся)
to spring	sprang	sprung	стрибати; виникати
to stand	stood	stood	стояти
to steal	stole	stolen	(у)красти
to stick	stuck	stuck	встромляти; приклеювати
		1	r

to sting	stung	stung	жалити
to stink	stank	stunk	смердіти
to strew	strewed	strewn / strewed	розкидати; посипати
to stride	strode	stridden	крокувати
to strike	struck	struck	бити; вдаряти(ся);
			бастувати
to string	strung	strung	нанизувати, натягувати
to strive	strove	striven	старатися, намагатися
to sweep	swept	swept	мести; мчати
to swell	swelled	swollen	надуватися; пухнути
to swim	swam	swum	плавати, пливти
to swing	swung	swung	гойдати(ся)
to take	took	taken	брати, взяти
to teach	taught	taught	вчити, навчати
to tear	tore	torn	рвати
to tell	told	told	розповідати, говорити
to think	thought	thought	думати
to throw	threw	thrown	кидати
to thrust	thrust	thrust	штовхати; простромлювати
to tread	trod	trodden	ступати
to unbend	unbent	unbent	розгинати(ся)
to understand		understood	розуміти
to undertake	undertook	undertaken	розпочинати, братися
to upset	upset	upset	перекидати(ся);
			розстроювати
to wake	woke /waked	woken / waked	прокидатися; будити
to wear	wore	worn	носити (одяг)
to weave	wove	woven	ткати
to weep	wept	wept	плакати
to win	won	won	вигравати
to wind	wound	wound	намотувати(ся); заводити
			(механізм)
to withdraw	withdrew	withdrawn	брати назад; відкликати
to wring	wrung	wrung	скручувати
to write	wrote	written	писати

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#### Навчальне видання

# ГРАМАТИКА АНГЛІЙСЬКОЇ МОВИ В ТАБЛИЦЯХ

Методичні рекомендації для курсантів та студентів - правознавців І-ІІІ курсів

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